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## SECTION 1: Identification

### 1.1 GHS Product identifier

**Product name** 3,3'-dioxybis[3,5,5-trimethyl-1,2-dioxolane]

### 1.2 Other means of identification

**Product number** -  
**Other names** EINECS 224-825-2;Mesityloxidperoxid;

### 1.3 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

**Identified uses** Industrial and scientific research uses.  
**Uses advised against** no data available

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## SECTION 2: Hazard identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

no data available

### 2.2 GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

**Pictogram(s)** no data available  
**Signal word** no data available  
**Hazard statement(s)** no data available  
**Precautionary statement(s)**  
**Prevention** no data available  
**Response** no data available  
**Storage** no data available  
**Disposal** no data available

### 2.3 Other hazards which do not result in classification

no data available

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## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substances

| Chemical name                                | Common names and synonyms                    | CAS number | EC number | Concentration |
|----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|------------|-----------|---------------|
| 3,3'-dioxybis[3,5,5-trimethyl-1,2-dioxolane] | 3,3'-dioxybis[3,5,5-trimethyl-1,2-dioxolane] | 4507-98-6  | 224-825-2 | 100%          |

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## SECTION 4: First-aid measures

### 4.1 Description of necessary first-aid measures

#### If inhaled

Move the victim into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a doctor immediately. Do not use mouth to mouth resuscitation if the victim ingested or inhaled the chemical.

#### Following skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a doctor.

#### Following eye contact

Rinse with pure water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a doctor.

#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a doctor or Poison Control Center immediately.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Excerpt from ERG Guide 148 [Organic Peroxides (Heat and Contamination Sensitive / Temperature Controlled)]: Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases. Ingestion or contact (skin, eyes) with substance may cause severe injury or burns. Runoff from fire control or dilution water may cause pollution. (ERG, 2016)

### 4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

no data available

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## SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

### 5.1 Suitable extinguishing media

Excerpt from ERG Guide 148 [Organic Peroxides (Heat and Contamination Sensitive / Temperature Controlled)]: The temperature of the substance must be maintained at or below the "Control Temperature" at all times. SMALL FIRE: Water spray or fog is preferred; if water

not available use dry chemical, CO2 or regular foam. LARGE FIRE: Flood fire area with water from a distance. Use water spray or fog; do not use straight streams. Do not move cargo or vehicle if cargo has been exposed to heat. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. FIRE INVOLVING TANKS OR CAR/TRAILER LOADS: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. BEWARE OF POSSIBLE CONTAINER EXPLOSION. ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in fire. For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible, withdraw from area and let fire burn. (ERG, 2016)

## 5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Excerpt from ERG Guide 148 [Organic Peroxides (Heat and Contamination Sensitive / Temperature Controlled)]: May explode from heat, contamination or loss of temperature control. These materials are particularly sensitive to temperature rises. Above a given "Control Temperature" they decompose violently and catch fire. May ignite combustibles (wood, paper, oil, clothing, etc.). May ignite spontaneously if exposed to air. May be ignited by heat, sparks or flames. May burn rapidly with flare-burning effect. Containers may explode when heated. Runoff may create fire or explosion hazard. (ERG, 2016)

## 5.3 Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

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# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing mist, gas or vapours. Avoid contacting with skin and eye. Use personal protective equipment. Wear chemical impermeable gloves. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

## 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further spillage or leakage if it is safe to do so. Do not let the chemical enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

## 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Collect and arrange disposal. Keep the chemical in suitable and closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Adhered or collected material should be promptly disposed of, in accordance with appropriate laws and regulations.

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# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store the container tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store apart from foodstuff containers or incompatible materials.

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# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

## 8.1 Control parameters

### Occupational Exposure limit values

no data available

### Biological limit values

no data available

## 8.2 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the risk-elimination area.

## 8.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

### Eye/face protection

Wear tightly fitting safety goggles with side-shields conforming to EN 166(EU) or NIOSH (US).

### Skin protection

Wear fire/flare resistant and impervious clothing. Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

### Respiratory protection

If the exposure limits are exceeded, irritation or other symptoms are experienced, use a full-face respirator.

### Thermal hazards

no data available

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# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

|                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Physical state</b>                                           | Di-(3,5,5-trimethyl-1,2-dioxolanyl-3)peroxide is a white wet solid. May float or sink in water. This solid peroxide is particularly sensitive to temperature rises and contamination. Above a given "Control Temperature" they decompose violently. |
| <b>Colour</b>                                                   | no data available                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Odour</b>                                                    | no data available                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Melting point/freezing point</b>                             | no data available                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range</b> | 239.1Å°C at 760 mmHg                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Flammability</b>                                             | no data available                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit</b>       | no data available                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Flash point</b>                                              | 79Å°C                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>                                | no data available                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Decomposition temperature</b>                                | no data available                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>pH</b>                                                       | no data available                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Kinematic viscosity</b>                                      | no data available                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Solubility</b>                                               | no data available                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Partition coefficient n-octanol/water</b>                    | no data available                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Vapour pressure</b>                                          | no data available                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Density and/or relative density</b>                          | 1.14g/cm3                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Relative vapour density</b>                                  | no data available                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Particle characteristics</b>                                 | no data available                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

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## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

No rapid reaction with air. No rapid reaction with water.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

no data available

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Peroxides, such as DI-(3,5,5-TRIMETHYL-1,2-DIOXOLANYL-3)PEROXIDE, are good oxidizing agents. Organic compounds can ignite on contact with concentrated peroxides. Strongly reduced material such as sulfides, nitrides, and hydrides may react explosively with peroxides. There are few chemical classes that do not at least produce heat when mixed with peroxides. Many produce explosions or generate gases (toxic and nontoxic). Generally, dilute solutions of peroxides (<70%) are safe, but the presence of a catalyst (often a transition metal such as cobalt, iron, manganese, nickel, or vanadium) as an impurity may even then cause rapid decomposition, a buildup of heat, and even an explosion. Solutions of peroxides often become explosive when evaporated to dryness or near-dryness. Danger of explosion when dry. May explode from heat, shock, friction or contamination. May ignite combustibles (wood, paper, oil, clothing, etc.). May be ignited by heat, sparks or flames.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

no data available

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

no data available

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

no data available

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## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Acute toxicity

- Oral: no data available
- Inhalation: no data available
- Dermal: no data available

### Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

### Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

### Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

**Carcinogenicity**

no data available

**Reproductive toxicity**

no data available

**STOT-single exposure**

no data available

**STOT-repeated exposure**

no data available

**Aspiration hazard**

no data available

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**SECTION 12: Ecological information****12.1 Toxicity**

- Toxicity to fish: no data available
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: no data available
- Toxicity to algae: no data available
- Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

**12.2 Persistence and degradability**

no data available

**12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

no data available

**12.4 Mobility in soil**

no data available

**12.5 Other adverse effects**

no data available

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**SECTION 13: Disposal considerations****13.1 Disposal methods****Product**

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

**Contaminated packaging**

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

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**SECTION 14: Transport information****14.1 UN Number**

ADR/RID: no data available

IMDG: no data available

IATA: no data available

**14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name**

ADR/RID: no data available

IMDG: no data available

IATA: no data available

**14.3 Transport hazard class(es)**

ADR/RID: no data available

IMDG: no data available

IATA: no data available

**14.4 Packing group, if applicable**

ADR/RID: no data available

IMDG: no data available

IATA: no data available

**14.5 Environmental hazards**

ADR/RID: No

IMDG: No

IATA: No

**14.6 Special precautions for user**

no data available

**14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments**

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

| Chemical name                                                            | Common names and synonyms                     | CAS number | EC number   |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|------------|-------------|
| 3,3'-dioxymbis[3,5,5-trimethyl-1,2-dioxolane]                            | 3,3'-dioxymbis[3,5,5-trimethyl-1,2-dioxolane] | 4507-98-6  | 224-825-2   |
| European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)   |                                               |            | Listed.     |
| EC Inventory                                                             |                                               |            | Listed.     |
| United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory              |                                               |            | Not Listed. |
| China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015                                |                                               |            | Not Listed. |
| New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)                               |                                               |            | Not Listed. |
| Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)       |                                               |            | Not Listed. |
| Vietnam National Chemical Inventory                                      |                                               |            | Not Listed. |
| Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC) |                                               |            | Not Listed. |
| Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL)                                     |                                               |            | Not Listed. |

## SECTION 16: Other information

### Information on revision

|               |               |
|---------------|---------------|
| Creation Date | July 15, 2019 |
| Revision Date | July 15, 2019 |

### Abbreviations and acronyms

- CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- IATA: International Air Transportation Association
- TWA: Time Weighted Average
- STEL: Short term exposure limit
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal Dose 50%
- EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

### References

- IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: <http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home>
- HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: <https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm>
- IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: <http://www.iarc.fr/>
- eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website: [http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\\_locale=en](http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request_locale=en)
- CAMEO Chemicals, website: <http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple>
- ChemIDplus, website: <http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp>
- ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: <http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg>
- Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: <http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp>
- ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: <https://echa.europa.eu/>