

Safety Data Sheet

Vemurafenib pure

according to Regulation (EU) nr. 1907/2006

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name Vemurafenib pure

Product code SAP-12049465

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use - pharmaceutical active substance (antineoplastic)

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company information Enquiries: Local representation:

F. Hoffmann-La Roche AG

Postfach CH-4070 Basel Switzerland

Phone +41-61/688 54 80 Fax +41-61/681 72 76 E-Mail info.sds@roche.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number Phone +41-61/688 54 80

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. / 2.2. Classification of the substance or mixture / Label elements

GHS Classification Environmental Hazards:

4.1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment (Category 1) H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Signalword: Warning

Label:



Precautionary statements:

- P273 Avoid release to the environment.
- P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Date: 24.8.15/LS (SEISMO) Replacing edition of: 24.6.13 Page: 1/8

2.3. Other hazards

Note - no further information available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical name - N-[3-[[5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridin-3-yl]carbonyl]-

2,4-difluorophenyl]-1-propanesulfonamide

Synonyms - SAC04

- SAC-RO5185426-000 pure

CAS number 918504-65-1

UN number 3077

Roche number RO5185426-000

Empirical formula C₂₃H₁₈CIF₂N₃O₃S

Molecular mass 489.93 g/mol

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Eye contact - rinse immediately with tap water for 10 minutes - open eyelids

forcibly

- consult a physician if irritation persists

Skin contact - remove immediately contaminated clothes, wash affected skin

with water and soap - do not use any solvents

Inhalation - remove the casualty to fresh air and keep him/her calm

- in the event of symptoms get medical treatment

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Note - no information available

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physician - treat symptomatically

Date: 24.8.15/LS (SEISMO) Replacing edition of: 24.6.13 Page: 2/8

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media - water spray jet, dry powder, foam, carbon dioxide

- adapt extinguishing media to surrounding fire conditions

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards - very high probability of ignition of dust whirled up

- severe dust explosion hazard

- formation of toxic and corrosive combustion gases (hydrogen chloride, hydrogen fluoride, nitrogen oxides) possible

- substance is hazardous for water: contain fire-fighting wastewater

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protection of fire-fighters - precipitate gases/vapours/mists with water spray

Special method of fire-fighting - cool endangered containers with water spray

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions - ensure adequate ventilation

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental protection - do not allow to enter drains or waterways

- if the substance reaches waters or the sewer system, inform the

competent authority

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up - collect spilled material (avoid dust formation) and hand over to

waste removal in sealed containers

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Technical measures - processing in closed systems, if possible superposed by inert gas

(e.g. nitrogen)

- avoid dust formation; high dust explosion hazard

- high probability of ignition: ground plant, avoid effective ignition

sources; avoid electrostatic charging of dust clouds

Date: 24.8.15/LS (SEISMO) Replacing edition of: 24.6.13 Page: 3/8

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions - room temperature

- protected from light and humidity

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Threshold value (Roche) air - IOEL (Internal Occupational Exposure Limit): 0.015 mg/m³

8.2. Exposure controls

Respiratory protection - in case of open handling or accidental release:

particle mask or respirator with independent air supply

Hand protection - protective gloves (eg made of neoprene, nitrile or butyl rubber)

Eye protection - safety glasses

Body protection - wear conductive shoes

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Colour white to slightly yellow

Form powder

Solubility 0.00271 mg/l, water (20 °C, pH 8, OECD No. 105)

≤6.1 mg/l, aquatic ecotoxicity media (25 °C, HPLC)

soluble, tetrahydrofuran

Partition coefficient log P_{ow} 4.74 pH 5

log P_{ow} 3.80 pH 7 log P_{ow} 3.26 pH 9

(HPLC Method, OECD No. 117)

Melting temperature 272 °C

9.2. Other information

Dissociation constant pK_1 7.9

pK₂ 11.1 (25 °C, acidic group(s), titrimetric determination)

Date: 24.8.15/LS (SEISMO) Replacing edition of: 24.6.13 Page: 4/8

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Note - no information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability - stable under normal conditions

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Note - no information available

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid - humidity

lightwarming

10.5. Incompatible materials

Note - no information available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Note - no information available

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - NOEL 1'000 mg/kg (oral, rat)

Subacute toxicity - NOAEL 1'000 mg/kg/d (oral, rat, 28 d)

Local effects - skin: non-irritant (rabbit; OECD No. 404)

- phototoxic (in vitro)

Sensitization - not skin sensitizing (guinea pig)

(OECD No. 406)

Subchronic toxicity - NOAEL 450 mg/kg/d (oral, rat; 13 weeks)

Mutagenicity - not mutagenic (Ames test; OECD No. 471 (Salmonella

typhimurium))

- does not induce chromosomal aberrations in vitro (various in vitro

test systems)

Reproductive toxicity - not teratogenic (oral, rat)

- not teratogenic (oral, rabbit); NOAEL = 450 mg/kg/d

Date: 24.8.15/LS (SEISMO) Replacing edition of: 24.6.13 Page: 5/8

not embryotoxic (150 mg/kg/d; oral, rabbit, female, 14 d); NOAEL
= 150 mg/kg/d

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity

- strongly toxic for algae (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)

ErC₅₀ (72 h) 21.91 mg/l (nominal concentration)

 $\rm ErC_{50}$ (72 h) 2.832 mg/l (average measured concentration) NOEC (72 h) 0.156 mg/l (average measured concentration)

(OECD No. 201)

- barely toxic for planktonic crustaceans (nominal concentration

= 100 mg/l) (Daphnia magna)

 EC_{50} (48 h) > 100 mg/l (nominal concentration)

NOEC (48 h) 0.27 mg/l (OECD No. 202)

- barely toxic for fish (nominal concentration = 100 mg/l) (guppy)

 LC_{50} (96 h) > 100 mg/l (nominal concentration)

NOEC (96 h) \geq 0.27 mg/l

(OECD No. 203)

- daphnid reproduction test (Daphnia magna)

NOEC (21 d) 0.0171 mg/l (average measured concentration)

(OECD No. 211)

- fish early life stage test (zebrafish)

NOEC (35 d) 1.63 mg/l (average measured concentration)

(OECD No. 210)

- barely inhibitory on aerobic bacterial respiration (activated sludge)

NOEC (3 h) 301 mg/l (nominal concentration)

(OECD No. 209)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Inherent biodegradability

- not inherently biodegradable

< 10 %, 28 d

(MITI Test II, OECD No. 302 C)

Environmental fate

- very persistent in a sediment/water fate test, no transformation

products identified

(OECD 308, Transformation in natural water/sediment systems)

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioconcentration

- slightly accumulating, relatively high depuration rate (zebrafish)

Bioaccumulation factor: BCF 62.2 to 85.1, 28 d BCF $_k$ 62.0 to 133.9, 28 d

Depuration: $DT_{50} \le 0.6 d$ $DT_{90} \le 2 d$

(Bioconcentration: flow-through fish test; OECD no. 305)

Date: 24.8.15/LS (SEISMO) Replacing edition of: 24.6.13 Page: 6/8

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility - strong adsorption, immobile (, 25 °C)

Koc = 3739 to 55454 l/kg (soil, activated sludge)

 $K_d = 1492 \text{ l/kg (soil)}$

K_d = 6022 l/kg (activated sludge)

(OECD No. 106 Adsorption/Desorption)

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB - not PBT, not vPvB

12.6. Other adverse effects

Note - no information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues - incinerate in qualified installation with flue gas scrubbing

- observe local/national regulations regarding waste disposal

SECTION 14: Transport information

IATA	Class	UN/ID	PG		PI	Label	Mark	
	9	3077	III		956/956	9	EHS	
IMDG	Class	UN	PG	EmS	PI	Label	Mark	
	9	3077	III	F-A S-F	P002/IBC08	9	marine pollutant	
RID/ADR	Class	UN	PG	Haz.no	PI	Label	Mark	Classif. code
	9	3077	Ш	90	P002/IBC08	9	EHS	M7

Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.

Technical name Vemurafenib

Date: 24.8.15/LS (SEISMO) Replacing edition of: 24.6.13 Page: 7/8

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Water hazard class (Germany) 2: hazardous for water (own classification according to directive

VwVwS of 27.07.2005)

SECTION 16: Other information

Safety-lab number - BS-9076

- BS-9274 - BS-9349

Edition documentation - changes from previous version in sections 2

The information in this safety data sheet is based on current scientific knowledge. It should not be taken as expressing or implying any warranty concerning product characteristics.

Date: 24.8.15/LS (SEISMO) Replacing edition of: 24.6.13 Page: 8/8