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## SECTION 1: Identification

### 1.1 GHS Product identifier

**Product name** 1-chloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethane

### 1.2 Other means of identification

**Product number** -

**Other names** Ethane, 1-chloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoro-; monochlorotetrafluoroethane; F 124a

### 1.3 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

**Identified uses** Industrial and scientific research uses.

**Uses advised against** no data available

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## SECTION 2: Hazard identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

no data available

### 2.2 GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

**Pictogram(s)** no data available

**Signal word** no data available

**Hazard statement(s)** no data available

**Precautionary statement(s)**

**Prevention** no data available

**Response** no data available

**Storage** no data available

**Disposal** no data available

### 2.3 Other hazards which do not result in classification

no data available

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## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substances

| Chemical name                      | Common names and synonyms          | CAS number | EC number | Concentration |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------|-----------|---------------|
| 1-chloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethane | 1-chloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethane | 354-25-6   | 206-552-0 | 100%          |

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## SECTION 4: First-aid measures

### 4.1 Description of necessary first-aid measures

#### If inhaled

Move the victim into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a doctor immediately. Do not use mouth to mouth resuscitation if the victim ingested or inhaled the chemical.

#### Following skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a doctor.

#### Following eye contact

Rinse with pure water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a doctor.

#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a doctor or Poison Control Center immediately.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Excerpt from ERG Guide 126 [Gases - Compressed or Liquefied (Including Refrigerant Gases)]: Vapors may cause dizziness or asphyxiation without warning. Vapors from liquefied gas are initially heavier than air and spread along ground. Contact with gas or liquefied gas may cause burns, severe injury and/or frostbite. Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases. (ERG, 2016)

### 4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Victims of freon inhalation require management for hypoxic, CNS anesthetic, & cardiac symptoms. Patients must be removed from the exposure environment, & high flow supplemental oxygen should be utilized. The respiratory system should be evaluated for injury, aspiration, or pulmonary edema & treated appropriately. CNS findings should be treated supportively. A calm environment with no physical exertion is imperative to avoid increasing endogenous adrenergic levels. Exogenous adrenergic drugs must not be used to avoid inducing sensitized myocardial dysrhythmias. Atropine is ineffective in treating bradyarrhythmias. For ventricular dysrhythmias, diphenylhydantoin & countershock may be effective. Cryogenic dermal injuries should be treated by water bath rewarming at 40-42 deg C until vasodilatory flush has returned. Elevation of the limb & standard frostbite management with late surgical debridement should be utilized. Ocular exposure requires irrigation & slit lamp evaluation for injury. Freons

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## SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

### 5.1 Suitable extinguishing media

Excerpt from ERG Guide 126 [Gases - Compressed or Liquefied (Including Refrigerant Gases)]: Use extinguishing agent suitable for type of surrounding fire. SMALL FIRE: Dry chemical or CO<sub>2</sub>. LARGE FIRE: Water spray, fog or regular foam. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. Damaged cylinders should be handled only by specialists. FIRE INVOLVING TANKS: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Do not direct water at source of leak or safety devices; icing may occur. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discoloration of tank. ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in fire. Some of these materials, if spilled, may evaporate leaving a flammable residue. (ERG, 2016)

### 5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Excerpt from ERG Guide 126 [Gases - Compressed or Liquefied (Including Refrigerant Gases)]: Some may burn but none ignite readily. Containers may explode when heated. Ruptured cylinders may rocket. (ERG, 2016)

### 5.3 Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

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## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing mist, gas or vapours. Avoid contacting with skin and eye. Use personal protective equipment. Wear chemical impermeable gloves. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further spillage or leakage if it is safe to do so. Do not let the chemical enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Collect and arrange disposal. Keep the chemical in suitable and closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Adhered or collected material should be promptly disposed of, in accordance with appropriate laws and regulations.

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## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store the container tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store apart from foodstuff containers or incompatible materials.

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## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational Exposure limit values

no data available

#### Biological limit values

no data available

### 8.2 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the risk-elimination area.

### 8.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

Wear tightly fitting safety goggles with side-shields conforming to EN 166(EU) or NIOSH (US).

#### Skin protection

Wear fire/flame resistant and impervious clothing. Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

#### Respiratory protection

If the exposure limits are exceeded, irritation or other symptoms are experienced, use a full-face respirator.

#### Thermal hazards

no data available

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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

|                                                          |                                                                              |
|----------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Physical state                                           | 1-chloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethane is a colorless odorless nonflammable gas. |
| Colour                                                   | Colorless gas                                                                |
| Odour                                                    | Odorless /Chlorotetrafluoroethane/                                           |
| Melting point/freezing point                             | -117Â°C                                                                      |
| Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range | 10Â°C                                                                        |
| Flammability                                             | no data available                                                            |
| Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit       | no data available                                                            |
| Flash point                                              | no data available                                                            |
| Auto-ignition temperature                                | no data available                                                            |
| Decomposition temperature                                | no data available                                                            |
| pH                                                       | no data available                                                            |
| Kinematic viscosity                                      | no data available                                                            |
| Solubility                                               | In water, 466 mg/L at 25 deg C (est)                                         |
| Partition coefficient n-octanol/water                    | log Kow = 1.86 (est)                                                         |
| Vapour pressure                                          | 2.6X10+3 mm Hg at 25 deg C (est)                                             |
| Density and/or relative density                          | 1.434g/cm3                                                                   |
| Relative vapour density                                  | no data available                                                            |
| Particle characteristics                                 | no data available                                                            |

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## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

No rapid reaction with air. No rapid reaction with water.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

no data available

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

1-CHLORO-1,1,2,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE is chemically inert in many situations, but can react violently with strong reducing agents such as the very active metals and the active metals. They suffer oxidation with strong oxidizing agents and under extremes of temperature.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

no data available

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

no data available

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

When heated to decomposition it emits toxic vapors of /hydrogen fluoride and hydrogen chloride/.

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## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Acute toxicity

- Oral: no data available
- Inhalation: LC50 Mouse inhalation 1400 g/cu m/2hr
- Dermal: no data available

### Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

### Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

### Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

### Carcinogenicity

no data available

### Reproductive toxicity

no data available

#### **STOT-single exposure**

no data available

#### **STOT-repeated exposure**

no data available

#### **Aspiration hazard**

no data available

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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### **12.1 Toxicity**

- Toxicity to fish: no data available
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: no data available
- Toxicity to algae: no data available
- Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

### **12.2 Persistence and degradability**

no data available

### **12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

An estimated BCF of 7.8 was calculated in fish for 1-chloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethane(SRC), using an estimated log Kow of 1.86(1) and a regression-derived equation(2). According to a classification scheme(3), this BCF suggests the potential for bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is low(SRC).

### **12.4 Mobility in soil**

Using a structure estimation method based on molecular connectivity indices(1), the Koc of 1-chloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethane can be estimated to be 140(SRC). According to a classification scheme(2), this estimated Koc value suggests that 1-chloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethane is expected to have high mobility in soil.

### **12.5 Other adverse effects**

no data available

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## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### **13.1 Disposal methods**

#### **Product**

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

#### **Contaminated packaging**

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

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## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### **14.1 UN Number**

|                                                     |                                                  |                                                  |
|-----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| ADR/RID: UN3163 (For reference only, please check.) | IMDG: UN3163 (For reference only, please check.) | IATA: UN3163 (For reference only, please check.) |
|-----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|

### **14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name**

|                                                                    |                                                                 |                                                                 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| ADR/RID: LIQUEFIED GAS, N.O.S. (For reference only, please check.) | IMDG: LIQUEFIED GAS, N.O.S. (For reference only, please check.) | IATA: LIQUEFIED GAS, N.O.S. (For reference only, please check.) |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|

### **14.3 Transport hazard class(es)**

|                                                  |                                               |                                               |
|--------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| ADR/RID: 2.2 (For reference only, please check.) | IMDG: 2.2 (For reference only, please check.) | IATA: 2.2 (For reference only, please check.) |
|--------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|

### **14.4 Packing group, if applicable**

|                                              |                                           |                                           |
|----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| ADR/RID: (For reference only, please check.) | IMDG: (For reference only, please check.) | IATA: (For reference only, please check.) |
|----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|

### **14.5 Environmental hazards**

|             |          |          |
|-------------|----------|----------|
| ADR/RID: No | IMDG: No | IATA: No |
|-------------|----------|----------|

### **14.6 Special precautions for user**

no data available

## 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

no data available

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

| Chemical name                                                            | Common names and synonyms          | CAS number | EC number   |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------|-------------|
| 1-chloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethane                                       | 1-chloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethane | 354-25-6   | 206-552-0   |
| European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)   |                                    |            | Listed.     |
| EC Inventory                                                             |                                    |            | Listed.     |
| United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory              |                                    |            | Listed.     |
| China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015                                |                                    |            | Not Listed. |
| New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)                               |                                    |            | Listed.     |
| Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)       |                                    |            | Not Listed. |
| Vietnam National Chemical Inventory                                      |                                    |            | Not Listed. |
| Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC) |                                    |            | Listed.     |
| Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL)                                     |                                    |            | Not Listed. |

## SECTION 16: Other information

### Information on revision

Creation Date July 15, 2019

Revision Date July 15, 2019

### Abbreviations and acronyms

- CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- IATA: International Air Transportation Association
- TWA: Time Weighted Average
- STEL: Short term exposure limit
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal Dose 50%
- EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

### References

- IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: <http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home>
- HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: <https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm>
- IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: <http://www.iarc.fr/>
- eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website: [http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\\_locale=en](http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request_locale=en)
- CAMEO Chemicals, website: <http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple>
- ChemIDplus, website: <http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp>
- ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: <http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg>
- Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: <http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp>
- ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: <https://echa.europa.eu/>