## **SECTION 1: Identification**

#### 1.1 GHS Product identifier

Product name (1,3,4,5,6,7-hexahydro-1,3-dioxo-2H-isoindol-2-vl)methyl (1R-trans)-2,2-dimethyl-3-(2-

methylprop-1-enyl)cyclopropanecarboxylate

### 1.2 Other means of identification

Product number Other names -

#### 1.3 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

**Identified uses**Industrial and scientific research uses.

Uses advised against no data available

# **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Acute toxicity - Category 4, Oral Carcinogenicity, Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity â€" single exposure, Category 2

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (Acute) - Category Acute 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (Chronic) - Category Chronic 1

## 2.2 GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

#### Pictogram(s)







Signal word Warning

Hazard statement(s) H302 Harmful if swallowed

H351 Suspected of causing cancer H371 May cause damage to organs

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statement(s)

**Prevention** P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P203 Obtain, read and follow all safety instructions before use.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing

protection/...

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

**Response** P301+P317 IF SWALLOWED: Get medical help.

P330 Rinse mouth.

P318 IF exposed or concerned, get medical advice.

P308+P316 IF exposed or concerned: Get emergency medical help immediately.

P391 Collect spillage.

Storage P405 Store locked up.

**Disposal** P501 Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in

accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of

disposal

### 2.3 Other hazards which do not result in classification

no data available

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1 Substances

Chemical name	Common names and synonyms	CAS number	EC number	Concentration
(1,3,4,5,6,7-hexahydro-1,3-dioxo-2H-isoindol-2-yl)methyl (1R-trans)-2,2-dimethyl-3-(2-methylprop-1-enyl)cyclopropanecarboxylate	(1,3,4,5,6,7-hexahydro-1,3-dioxo-2H-isoindol-2-yl)methyl (1R-trans)-2,2-dimethyl-3-(2-methylprop-1-enyl)cyclopropanecarboxylate	1166- 46-7	214- 619-0	100%

## **SECTION 4: First-aid measures**

## 4.1 Description of necessary first-aid measures

### If inhaled

Fresh air, rest.

#### Following skin contact

Remove contaminated clothes. Rinse and then wash skin with water and soap.

#### Following eye contact

First rinse with plenty of water for several minutes (remove contact lenses if easily possible), then refer for medical attention.

### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth.

## 4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

no data available

## 4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Emergency and supportive measures: Treat bronchospasm and anaphylaxis if they occur. Observe patients with a history of large ingestions for at least 4-6 hours for any signs of CNS depression or seizures. Pyrethrins and pyrethroids

# **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

## 5.1 Suitable extinguishing media

Use carbon dioxide, foam, or dry chemical /on fires involving pyrethroids/. Pyrethrum

## 5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical

no data available

### 5.3 Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

#### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing mist, gas or vapours. Avoid contacting with skin and eye. Use personal protective equipment. Wear chemical impermeable gloves. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

### **6.2** Environmental precautions

Personal protection: filter respirator for organic gases and particulates adapted to the airborne concentration of the substance. Do NOT wash away into sewer. Do NOT let this chemical enter the environment. Sweep spilled substance into covered containers. If appropriate, moisten first to prevent dusting. Carefully collect remainder. Then store and dispose of according to local regulations.

### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

SRP: Wastewater from contaminant suppression, cleaning of protective clothing/equipment, or contaminated sites should be contained and evaluated for subject chemical or decomposition product concentrations. Concentrations shall be lower than applicable environmental discharge or disposal criteria. Alternatively, pretreatment and/or discharge to a POTW is acceptable only after review by the governing authority. Due consideration shall be given to remediation worker exposure (inhalation, dermal and ingestion) as well as fate during treatment, transfer and disposal. If it is not practicable to manage the chemical in this fashion, it must meet Hazardous Material Criteria for disposal.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Provision to contain effluent from fire extinguishing. Ventilate well. Store in closed drum in a cool, dry place.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1 Control parameters

### Occupational Exposure limit values

no data available

## **Biological limit values**

no data available

### 8.2 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the risk-elimination area.

## 8.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

Wear tightly fitting safety goggles with side-shields conforming to EN 166(EU) or NIOSH (US).

#### Skin protection

Wear fire/flame resistant and impervious clothing. Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

#### Respiratory protection

If the exposure limits are exceeded, irritation or other symptoms are experienced, use a full-face respirator.

#### Thermal hazards

no data available

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Physical state COLOURLESS CRYSTALLINE POWDER WITH CHARACTERISTIC ODOUR.

Colour White crystalline solid
Odour Slight pyrethrum-like odor

Melting point/freezing point 68-70°C

Boiling point or initial boiling point

and boiling range

453.228°C at 760 mmHg

Flammability Combustible. Liquid formulations containing organic solvents may be flammable.

Lower and upper explosion no data available

limit/flammability limit

Flash point 200°C

Auto-ignition temperatureno data availableDecomposition temperatureno data availablepHno data availableKinematic viscosityno data available

Solubility Methanol (53 g/kg), hexane (20 g/kg), xylene (1 g/kg), acetone, toluene.

**Partition coefficient n-octanol/water**  $\log \text{Kow} = 4.73$ 

Vapour pressure 7.1X10-6 mm Hg at 30 deg C

Density and/or relative density1.2 g/cm3Relative vapour densityno data availableParticle characteristicsno data available

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

## 10.1 Reactivity

no data available

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal storage and use.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Combustible. Liquid formulations containing organic solvents may be flammable.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

no data available

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with mineral carriers such as kieselguhr, acidic clays and kaolin.

## 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

When heated to decomp it emits toxic fumes of /nitrogen oxides/.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### Acute toxicity

- Oral: LD50 Mouse oral >20,000 mg/kg
- Inhalation: LC50 Rat inhalation >2.74 mg/l air/3 hr
- Dermal: LD50 Rat percutaneous >5000 mg/kg

## Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

## Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

#### Carcinogenicity

Cancer Classification: Group C Possible Human Carcinogen

#### Reproductive toxicity

no data available

### STOT-single exposure

no data available

#### STOT-repeated exposure

no data available

### **Aspiration hazard**

no data available

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

- Toxicity to fish: LC50; Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill); Conditions: freshwater, flow through; Concentration: 15.9 ug/L for 96 hr (95% confidence interval: 12-23 ug/L) /95.3% purity
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: LC50; Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea, age <24 hr); Conditions: freshwater, flow through; Concentration: 45 ug/L for 48 hr (95% confidence interval: 39-49 ug/L) /95.3% purity
- · Toxicity to algae: no data available
- · Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

AEROBIC: Although environmental biodegradation data specific to tetramethrin are not available, the pyrethroid class of insecticides is degraded readily by environmental microorganisms(1,2).

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

An estimated BCF of 34 was calculated for tetramethrin(SRC), using a log Kow of 4.73(1) and a regression-derived equation(2). According to a classification scheme(3), this BCF suggests the potential for bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is moderate(SRC).

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

The Koc of tetramethrin is estimated as 790(SRC), using a log Kow of 4.73(1) and a regression-derived equation(2). According to a classification scheme(3), this estimated Koc value suggests that tetramethrin is expected to have low mobility in soil.

#### 12.5 Other adverse effects

no data available

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

## 13.1 Disposal methods

#### **Product**

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

#### Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### 14.1 UN Number

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

### 14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

#### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

### 14.4 Packing group, if applicable

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)

### 14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: Yes IMDG: Yes IATA: Yes

## 14.6 Special precautions for user

no data available

## 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

no data available

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

Chemical name	Common names and synonyms	CAS number	EC number
(1,3,4,5,6,7-hexahydro-1,3-dioxo-2H-isoindol-2-yl)methyl (1R-trans)-2,2-dimethyl-3-(2-methylprop-1-enyl)cyclopropanecarboxylate	(1,3,4,5,6,7-hexahydro-1,3-dioxo-2H-isoindol-2-yl)methyl (1R-trans)-2,2-dimethyl-3-(2-methylprop-1-enyl)cyclopropanecarboxylate	1166- 46-7	214-619-0
European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)			
EC Inventory			Listed.
United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory			
China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015			
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)			
Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)			
Vietnam National Chemical Inventory			
Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC)			
Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL)			

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

### Information on revision

**Creation Date** July 15, 2019 **Revision Date** July 15, 2019

### Abbreviations and acronyms

- CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- IATA: International Air Transportation Association
- TWA: Time Weighted Average
- STEL: Short term exposure limit
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal Dose 50%
- EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

#### References

- IPCS The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home
- HSDB Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm
- IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/
- eChemPortal The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website: http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request locale=en
- CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple
- ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp
- ERG Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg
- $\bullet \ \ Germany \ GESTIS-database \ on \ hazard \ substance, \ website: \ http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp$
- ECHA European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/